



Privacy and Security

Federal and state privacy laws, such as the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) Privacy Rule, are designed to protect both paper and electronic health records. Systems must be designed to meet these stringent requirements:

- Individuals should know how their personally identifiable health information may be used and who has access to it.
- Individuals should have control over whether and how their personally identifiable health information is shared.
- Systems must protect the integrity, privacy and security, and confidentiality of an individual's information.
- The governance and administration of electronic health information exchange networks should be transparent and publicly accountable.

Developed through the Kansas CEE Health Information Security and Privacy Collaboration (HISPC) Project (March 2009).
Adapted from a WV HISPC publication.